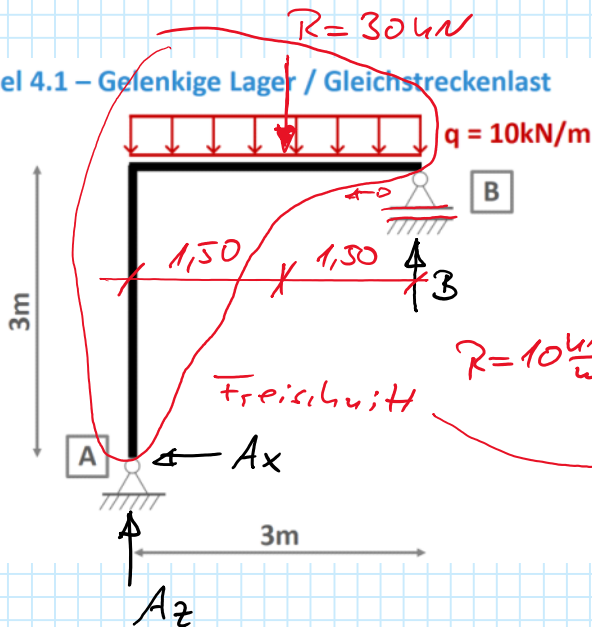
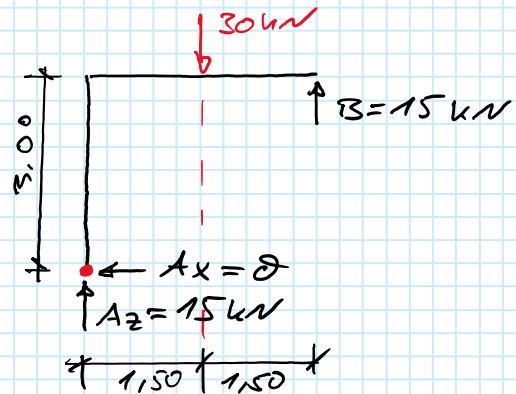


Beispiel 4.1 – Gelenkige Lager / Gleichstreckenlast



ges.: Auflagerreaktionen

$$R = 10 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}} \cdot 3,0 \text{ m} = 30 \text{ kN}$$



$$\sum \vec{F}_x = 0 = -A_x \Rightarrow \underline{A_x = 0}$$

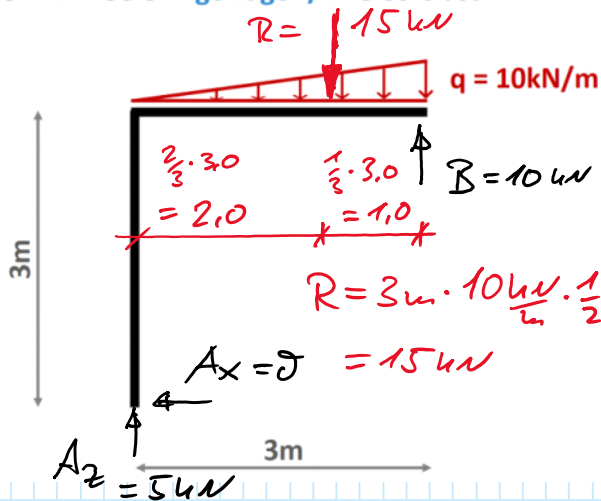
$$\sum \vec{F}_z = 0 = 30 \text{ kN} - A_z - B \quad (2)$$

$$\sum \vec{M}_A = -30 \text{ kN} \cdot 1,50 \text{ m} + B \cdot 3,0 \text{ m} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{B = \frac{45 \text{ kNm}}{3,0 \text{ m}} = 15 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\text{in (2): } 0 = 30 \text{ kN} - A_z - 15 \text{ kN} \Rightarrow \underline{A_z = 30 - 15 = 15 \text{ kN}}$$

Beispiel 4.2 – Gelenkige Lager / Dreieckslast



$$\sum \vec{F}_x \Rightarrow A_x = 0$$

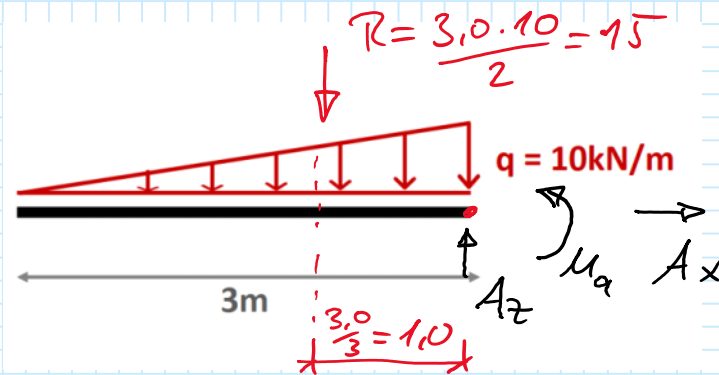
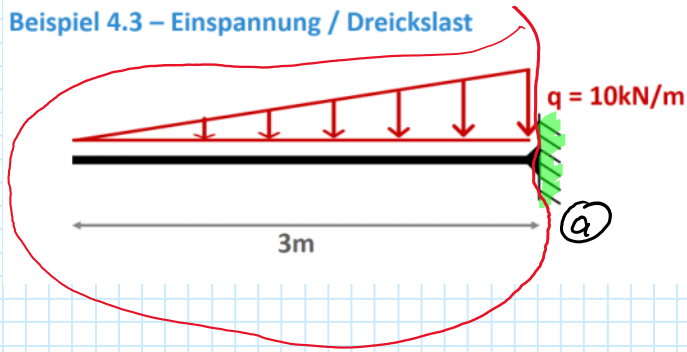
$$\sum \vec{M}_A = 0 = -15 \cdot 2,0 + B \cdot 3,0$$

$$\Rightarrow B = \frac{30}{3} = 10 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum \vec{F}_z = 0 = 15 - 10 - A_z \quad | +A_z$$

$$\Rightarrow A_z = 5 \text{ kN}$$

Beispiel 4.3 – Einspannung / Dreieckslast

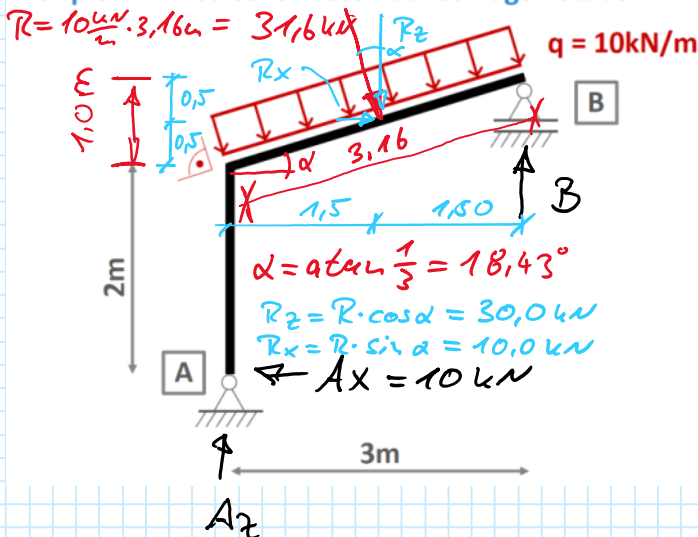


$$\sum \vec{F}_x = 0 \rightarrow A_x = 0$$

$$\sum \vec{F}_z = R - A_z \rightarrow A_z = R = \underline{15 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\sum \vec{M}_a = 0 = 15 \text{ kN} \cdot 1,0 \text{ m} + M_a \rightarrow \underline{M_a = -15 \text{ kNm}}$$

Beispiel 4.4 – Streckenlasten auf schrägen Stäben



$$\sum \vec{F}_x = 0 = -A_x + R_x = -A_x + 10$$

$$\rightarrow \underline{A_x = 10 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\sum \vec{M}_a = 0 = +B \cdot 3,0 - 30,0 \cdot 1,5 - 10,0 \cdot 2,5 = 3,0 \cdot B - 70,0 \rightarrow \underline{B = \frac{70}{3,0} = 23,3 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\sum \vec{F}_z = 0 = -23,3 + 30 - A_z$$

$$\rightarrow \underline{A_z = 6,7 \text{ kN}}$$

Beispiel 4.5 – Streckenlasten auf schrägen Stäben

