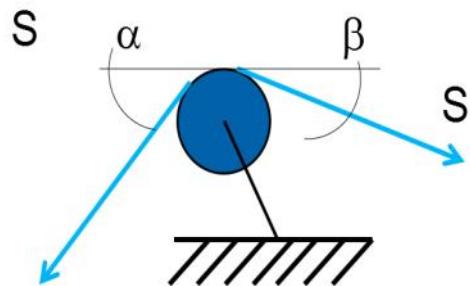


BEISPIEL 2.1 – Ermittlung der resultierenden Kraft auf eine Umlenkrolle

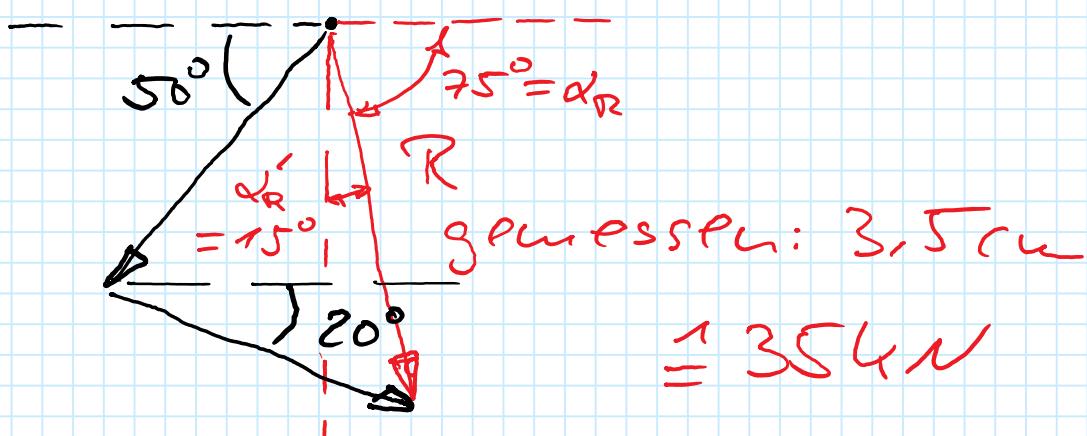


$$\alpha = 50^\circ$$

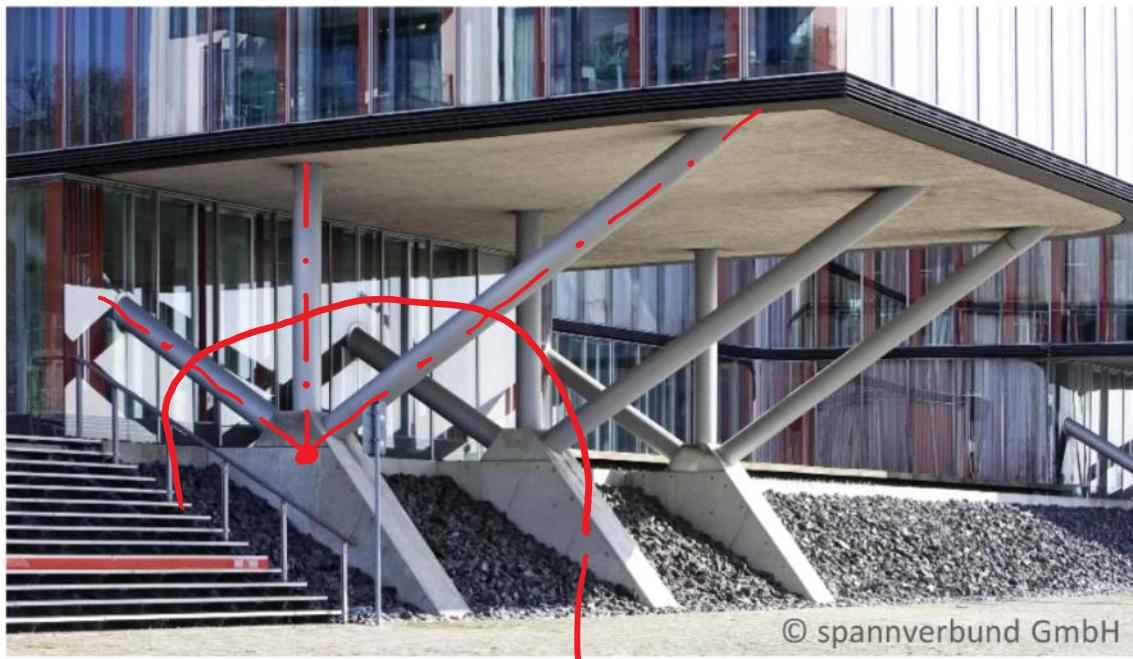
$$\beta = 20^\circ$$

$$S = 30 \text{ kN}$$

$$30 \text{ kN} \leq 3 \text{ cm}$$



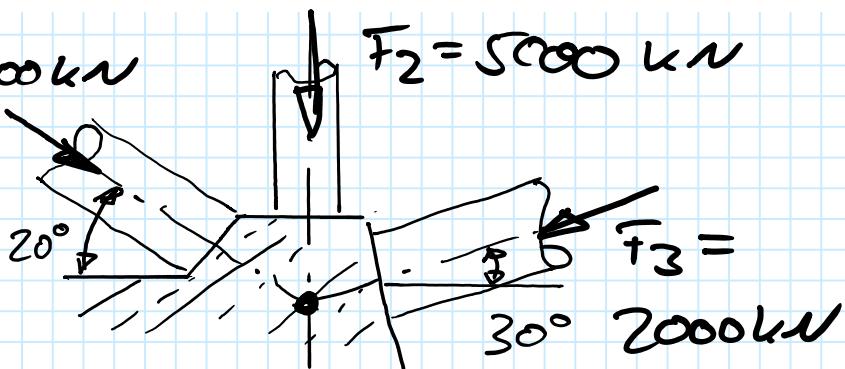
BEISPIEL 2.2



Freischlitt

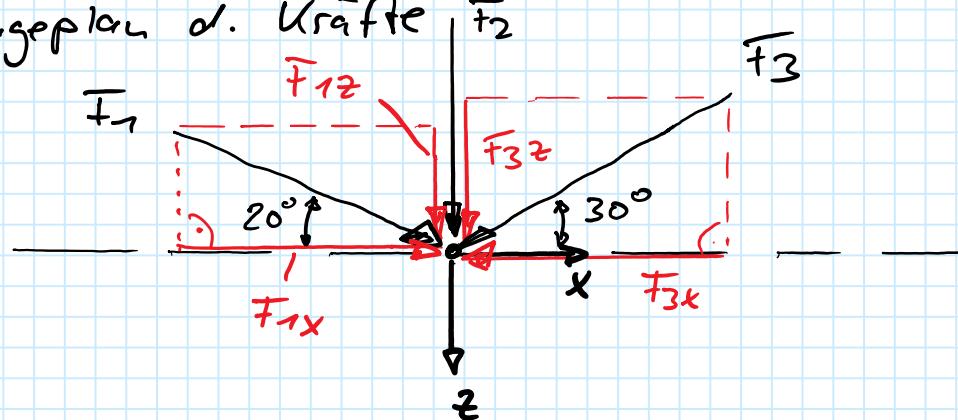
$$\bar{F}_1 = 3000 \text{ kN}$$

$$\bar{F}_2 = 5000 \text{ kN}$$



ges.: Resultierende R aus $\bar{F}_1, \bar{F}_2 \& \bar{F}_3$

Lageplan d. Kräfte



Zerlegen d. Kräfte:

$$\bar{F}_{1x} = 3000 \cdot \cos 20^\circ = 2819 \text{ kN}$$

$$\bar{F}_{1z} = 3000 \cdot \sin 20^\circ = 1026 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{2x} = 5000 \cdot \cos 90^\circ = 0 \quad \text{offen sichtlich}$$

$$F_{2z} = 5000 \cdot \sin 90^\circ = 5000 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{3x} = 2000 \cdot \cos 30^\circ = 1732 \text{ kN}$$

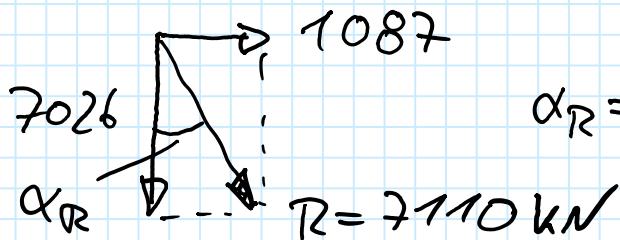
$$F_{3z} = 2000 \cdot \sin 30^\circ = 1000 \text{ kN}$$

Bildet der Vektor R:

$$R_z = 1026 + 5000 + 1000 = 7026 \text{ kN}$$

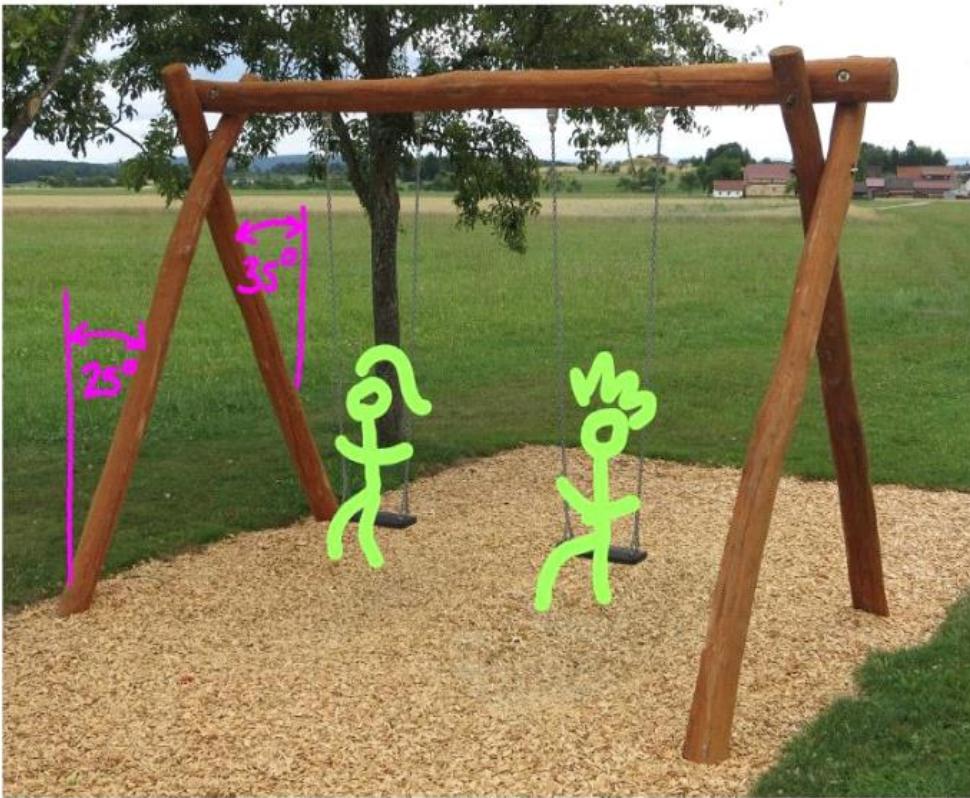
$$R_x = 2819 + 0 - 1732 = 1087 \text{ kN}$$

$$R = \sqrt{R_x^2 + R_z^2} = \sqrt{7026^2 + 1087^2} = 7110 \text{ kN}$$



$$\alpha_R = \arctan \left(\frac{1087}{7026} \right) = \underline{\underline{8,8^\circ}}$$

BEISPIEL 2.3



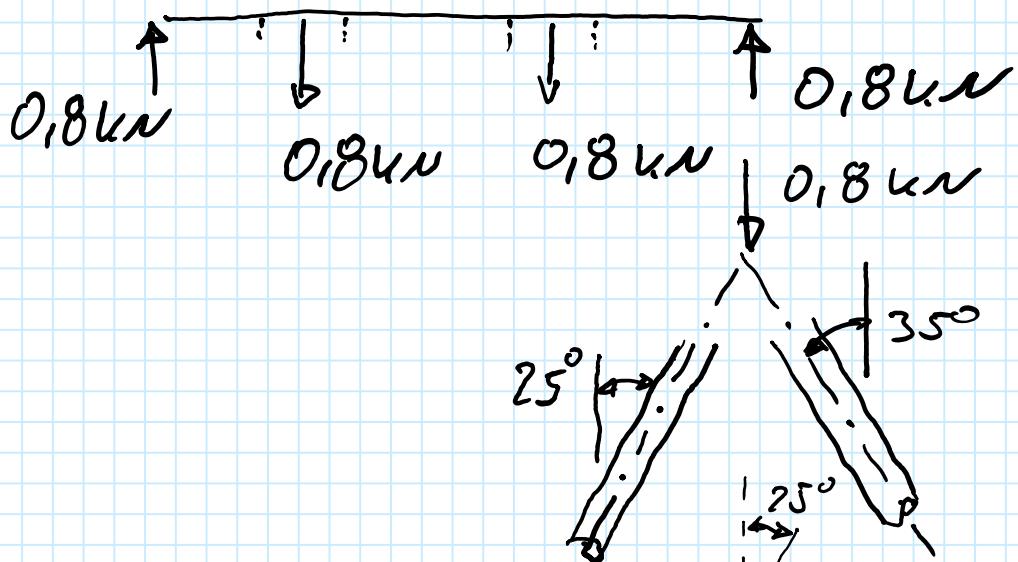
Gegeben:

$G_1 = \text{Gewichtskraft von 1 Menschen } \approx 80\text{kg}$

$$G = 80\text{kg} \cdot 10 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} = 800\text{N}$$

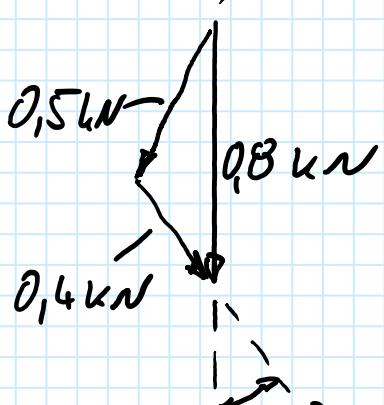
$$G = 0,8\text{KN}$$

Querbalchen



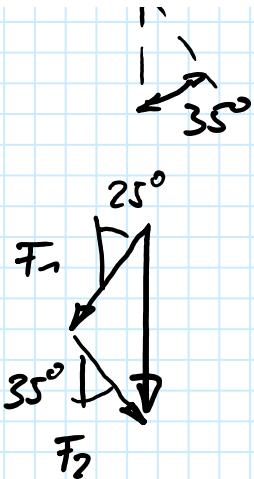
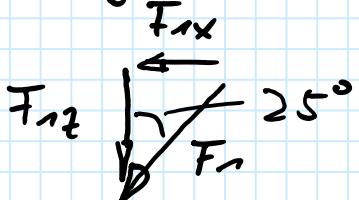
Zeichnerisch:

$$0,8\text{KN} \stackrel{?}{=} 4\text{cm}$$



Technikerisch:

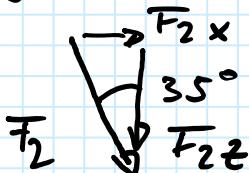
zerlegen von \bar{F}_1 :



$$\bar{F}_{1z} = \bar{F}_1 \cdot \cos 25^\circ = \bar{F}_1 \cdot 0,906$$

$$\bar{F}_{1x} = \bar{F}_1 \cdot \sin 25^\circ = \bar{F}_1 \cdot 0,423$$

zerlegen von \bar{F}_2 :



$$\bar{F}_{2z} = \bar{F}_2 \cdot \cos 35^\circ = 0,819 \cdot \bar{F}_2$$

$$\bar{F}_{2x} = \bar{F}_2 \cdot \sin 35^\circ = 0,574 \cdot \bar{F}_2$$

Zusammensetzen:

$$R_z = \bar{F} = 0,84 N = \bar{F}_{1z} + \bar{F}_{2z}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0,84 N = 0,906 \cdot \bar{F}_1 + 0,819 \cdot \bar{F}_2 \quad (1)$$

$$R_x = \bar{F} = -\bar{F}_{1x} + \bar{F}_{2x} = -0,423 \cdot \bar{F}_1 + 0,574 \cdot \bar{F}_2 \quad (2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{F}_1 = \frac{0,574}{0,423} \cdot \bar{F}_2 = 1,357 \cdot \bar{F}_2 \quad (2')$$

einsetzen in (1):

$$0,8 = 0,906 \cdot (1,357 \cdot F_2) + 0,819 \cdot F_2$$

$$0,8 = 2,048 \cdot F_2$$

$$\rightarrow \underline{F_2} = 0,8 / 2,048 = \underline{0,391 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\text{zu } \textcircled{2} \rightarrow \underline{F_1} = 1,357 \cdot 0,391 = \underline{0,531 \text{ kN}}$$